



EUROPEAN CONGRESS SEVILLE 19-21 May 2025 Clean, resilient and connected mobility.

Exploring use-cases for cycling data in NAPCORE

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Ambassadors for the cycling data

TP2 Adaptive mobility technology 1 (19/05/2025)









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European considerations and context

EUROPEAN environmental and mobility objectives:

- •Reduce the transportation impact on the environment and promote multimodal mobility
- •Provide open and accessible mobility data, including active modes as cycling

=> EU Declaration on cycling (April 2024)



NAPCORE Cycling Ambassadors and taskforce missions:

- •Exchange internal/external information about cycling data
- Contact point for stakeholders and more visibility to cycling
- => Cycling community and commons workshops

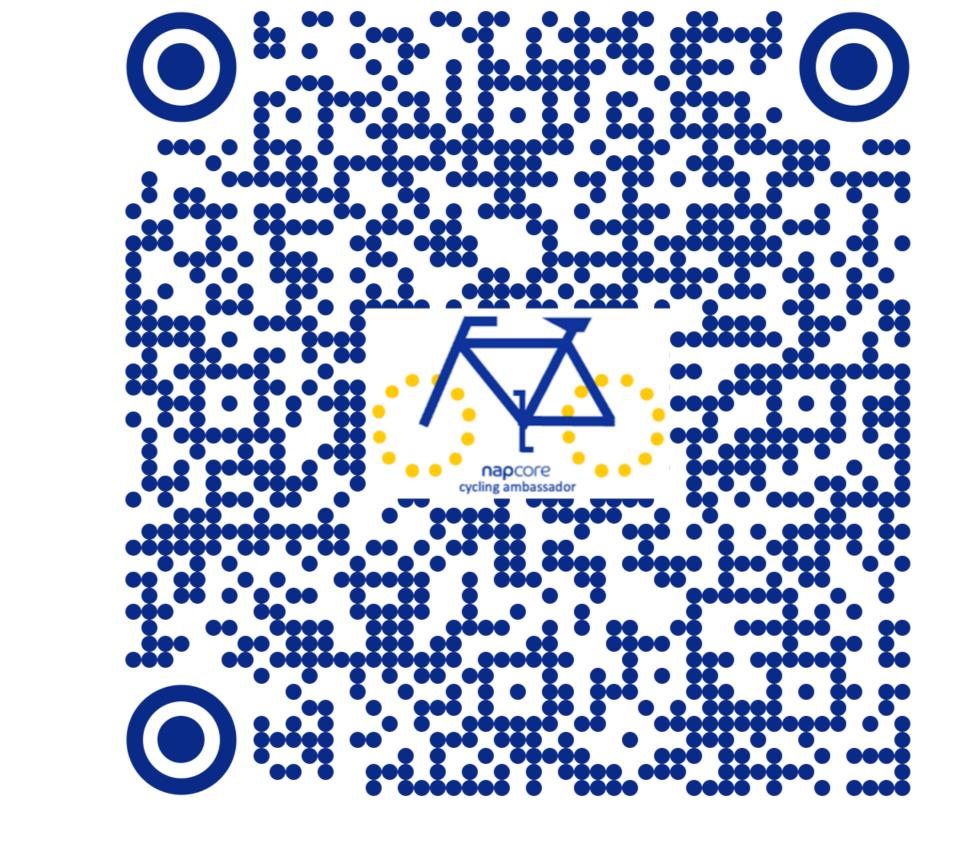






Actions carried out in 2024

- > Strengthen the partnership with POLIS network
 - Objective: collect use-cases from cities & regions
- > Organise open workshops with the cycling community
 - Objective: discuss data types and standards
- > Identify priorities to build recommendations concerning:



	ng the destinations and Measuring and evaluating the
and dynamic data infrastructure and identifying high-	trips (commuting, infrastructure
risk areas leisure)	
Multimodal Mobility Traffic Manag	gement Modal share
•Infrastructure Exploring how cycling integrates with Analysing cyc	cling patterns to Measuring the modal share of cycling
other modes of transport, such as determine an	nd manage peak hours
 Parking public transport 	
Parking	ion Investments (infrastructure)
•Counting Improve parking provision and Improve serv	vices and Assessing current infrastructure,
•Real-time ensure the safety and security of	ion on specific situations users' behaviours and other
parking facilities (road works,	planned changes) parameters for future investments





Infrastructure: prioritary use cases



The main use cases for the cycling infrastructure concern:

Safety, routing, accessibility, performance, investments...

The priority is to have precise, up-to-date and available digital data:

- Characteristics of cycling infrastructure (at minimum type, surface, width)
- Harmonized typologies of cycling infrastructures (UNECE report)

Recommendations for cycling infrastructure data

- > Common standards or conversion tools between data and existing standard (OSM):
 - Additional quality check in the areas where official data are available
 - Providing geolocated data obligatory for new EU cofinanced projects





Parking: prioritary use cases



The main uses cases are related to the mode shift for cycling:

- Location and description of the parking (availability, types of bicycles)
- Safety details for both vehicles and cyclists (parking guarded)
- Additional services (pricing, supplying, cleaning, etc.)

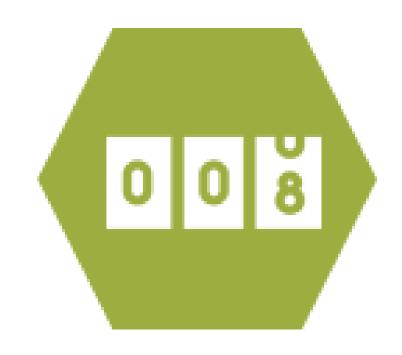
Recommendations for cycling parking data

- > Considering existing standards, parking data is easiest to move forward:
 - Extend NeTEx and APDS, relying on their usual standardisation processes
 - Share data with NAPs and collect data consumers to get feedback





Counting: prioritary use cases



The main uses cases related to cycle counting concern:

- Modal split/share: types of cycles, differences in cyclists
- Planning: safety, routing information, optimizing routes
- Monitoring and evaluation: traffic management, strategies

Recommendations for cycling counting data

- > Uniformity in counting data and cycling definitions:
 - basis for a standard to be developed (including geodata, modes, direction, flow)
- > Use cases can be answered with the information collected by counting:
 - knowledge on multimodal mobility, transport infrastructure evaluation





Real-time: prioritary use cases



Real-time cover dynamic data on information and services for cyclists:

- Real-time route/path safety (road works/incidents)
- Seasonal maintenance (de-icing, sweeping, water hazards)
- Parking availability (information and services for cyclists)

Recommendations for cycling real-time data

- Provision of static/dynamic cycling data in the NAPs, to better incorporate cycling data to traffic data
- > The specific real-time topic should be further addressed, in complement to the data mentioned above





General recommendations to European Commission

We have identified some low hanging fruits in a short-to-middle term:

- 1.Parking data for cycling based on the extension of existing standards
- 2.Cross Member States body to develop generic or compatibility standard for counting cycling
- 3. Make providing geolocated data in the common standard about the infrastructure built
- 4. Whenever there is work on static data for cycling, to always add the real-time component to it.



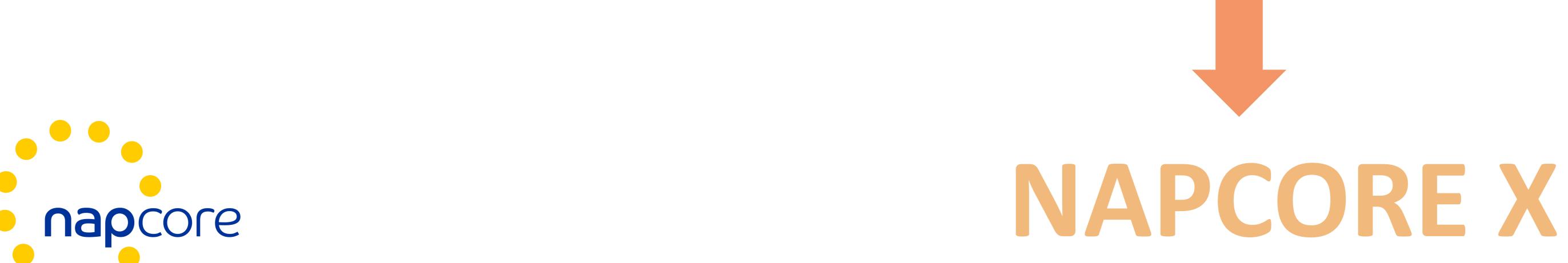
Call for proposal (2025): Standardisation activities CEN, CENELEC and ETSI





CONCLUSIONS AND PERSPECTIVE

- > Collaborations that could encourage stakeholders to share their data:
- Support for demonstrators and initiatives of interoperable platforms
- Coordination between cycling projects to led actions more effective
- > Technical work on common standards or conversion tools for:
 - cycling infrastructure data
 - cycle counting data
 - cycling parking
 - real-time information for cyclists
- > Cycling data standardization roadmap for Europe:
 - inspiration MMTIS, RTTI, SRTI DR
 - traffic management including cycling









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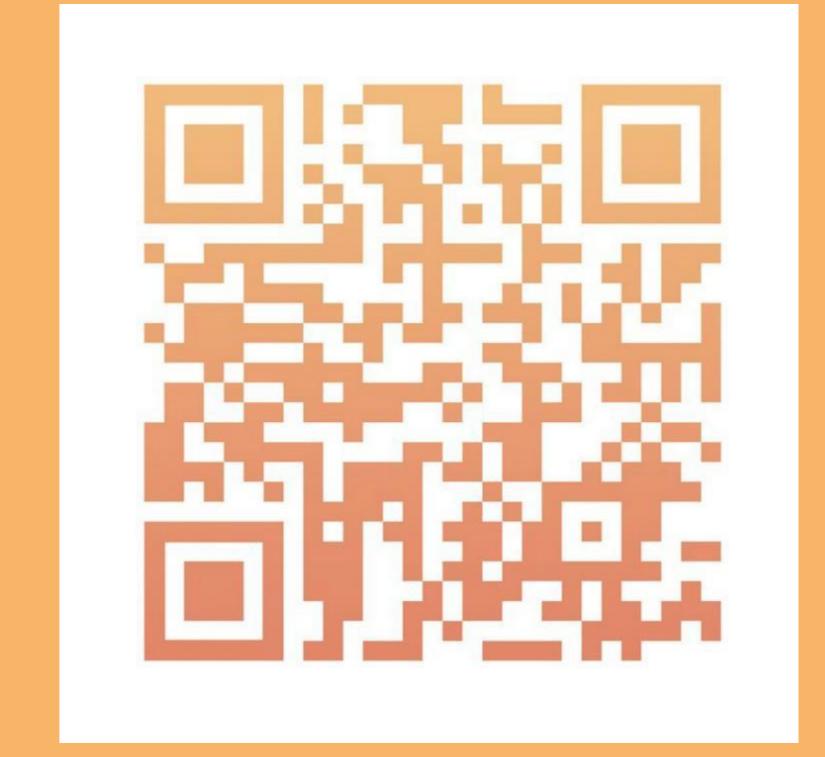


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